UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM SD SPECIALIZED DISCLOSURE REPORT

Autoliv, Inc. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) 001-12933 51-0378542 Delaware (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) (State or other jurisdiction of (Commission File Number) incorporation) Klarabergsviadukten 70, Section C, 5th floor SE-107 24 Box 70381, Stockholm, Sweden (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code) Fredrik Westin +46 8 587 20 600 (Name and telephone number, including area code, of the person to contact in connection with this report.) Check the appropriate box to indicate the rule pursuant to which this form is being filed: Rule 13p-1 under the Securities Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13p-1) for the reporting period from January 1 to December 31, 2024.

Rule 13q-1 under the Securities Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13q-1) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.

Section 1 – CONFLICT MINERALS DISCLOSURE

Item 1.01 Conflict Minerals Disclosure and Report

Autoliv, Inc. (the "Company", "Autoliv", "we", "us" or "our"), after conducting a good faith reasonable country of origin inquiry that was reasonably designed to determine whether any of the Conflict Minerals originated in the Democratic Republic of the Congo or an adjoining country (the "Covered Region") as required by Rule 13p-1, had reason to believe that columbite-tantalite (coltan), cassiterite, gold, wolframite, or their derivatives, which are limited to tantalum, tin, and tungsten ("Covered Minerals" or "Conflict Minerals"), used in one or more of the products it manufactures or contracts to have manufactured, where such Covered Minerals are necessary to such product(s) functionality or production, may have originated from the Covered Region and may not have been from recycled or scrap sources. As a result, the Company exercised due diligence on the source and chain of custody of its Covered Minerals. The Company's reasonable country of origin inquiry and due diligence measures are described in the Conflict Minerals Report attached hereto as Exhibit 1.01.

Conflict Minerals Disclosure

<u>Published Results</u>. In accordance with Rule 13p-1, a copy of this Form SD and the attached Conflict Minerals Report may be found publicly on our internet website at: https://www.autoliv.com/sustainability/sustainability-reporting/conflict-minerals-reports as well as the SEC's EDGAR database at www.sec.gov.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Specialized Disclosure Report on Form SD, including the Conflict Minerals Report exhibit, contains forward-looking statements that are based upon management's expectations and beliefs concerning future events. Certain matters contained herein concerning the future, including risk mitigation steps, constitute forward-looking statements and are based upon management's expectations and beliefs. There can be no assurance that these future events will occur as anticipated. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they were made, and we undertake no obligation to publicly update them, except as required by law. For a description of certain factors that could cause our future results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statement, see "Risk Factors" in our Annual Reports and Quarterly Reports on Forms 10-K and 10-Q, respectively, and any amendments thereto.

Item 1.02 Exhibit

The Conflict Minerals Report required by Item 1.01 is filed as Exhibit 1.01 to this Form SD.

Section 2 – RESOURCE EXTRACTION ISSUER DISCLOSURE

Item 2.01 Resource Extraction Issuer Disclosure and Report

Not applicable.

Section 3 – EXHIBITS

Item 3.01 Exhibits

The following exhibit is filed as part of this report.

Exhibit 1.01 – Conflict Minerals Report as required by Items 1.01 and 1.02 of this Form SD.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the duly authorized undersigned.

Date: June 2, 2025 /s/ Fredrik Westin

Fredrik Westin

Executive Vice President, Finance and Chief Financial Officer

Conflict Minerals Report

In accordance with Rule 13p-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Introduction

This Conflict Minerals Report ("Report") of Autoliv, Inc. ("Autoliv" or the "Company" or "we") for the year ended December 31, 2024 is presented to comply with Rule 13p-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Rule"). Defined terms in this Report that are not otherwise defined herein are defined in the Rule and SEC Release No. 34-67716 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 22, 2012.

Conflict Minerals Program

Overview

Autoliv is a supplier of automotive safety systems with a broad range of product offerings, including modules and components for passenger and driver airbags, side airbags, curtain airbags, seatbelts, steering wheels and pedestrian protection systems. As a supplier of automotive safety products, we are knowledgeable of the design and material content of our products and the processes used to produce them. As a result, we have determined that many of our products contain gold, columbite-tantalite (coltan), cassiterite, wolframite, and their derivatives, tantalum, tin and tungsten (collectively, the "Covered Minerals") necessary to the functionality or production of those products.

Pursuant to the Rule, we undertook a reasonable country of origin inquiry ("<u>RCOI</u>") and performed due diligence measures on the source and chain of custody of the necessary Covered Minerals in our products that we had reason to believe may have originated from the Democratic Republic of the Congo ("<u>DRC</u>") or an adjoining country (collectively defined as the "<u>Covered Countries</u>") and may not have come from recycled or scrap sources, to determine whether such products were "<u>DRC conflict free</u>". We use the term "<u>conflict free</u>" in this Report in a broader sense to refer to suppliers, supply chains, smelters, and refiners whose sources of Covered Minerals did not or do not directly or indirectly finance or benefit armed groups in the Covered Countries.

Policy

As part of the Company management systems described further below, we implemented a Conflict Minerals policy that prohibits human rights abuses associated with the extraction, transport or trade of minerals. We also prohibit any direct or indirect support to non-state armed groups or security forces that illegally control or tax mine sites, transport routes, trade points or any upstream actors in the supply chain. We require the parties in our supply chain to agree to follow the same principles, and we are working with our supply chain to improve traceability of minerals and ensure responsible sourcing. Suppliers who manufacture components, parts, or products containing Covered Minerals must commit to only sourcing those materials from environmentally and socially responsible sources. A link to Autoliv's Conflict Minerals Policy can be found at https://www.autoliv.com/sustainability/sustainability-reporting/conflict-minerals-reports. The websites referenced herein and the information accessible through such websites are not incorporated into this specialized disclosure report.

Description of Products

Certain products manufactured or contracted to be manufactured by Autoliv contain Covered Minerals necessary to the functionality or production of such products.

For more information on the origin of the materials used in these products, please see "Due Diligence Results for the 2024 Calendar Year" below.

Design of Conflict Minerals Program

We adopted a policy and methodology in accordance with the Organisation for Economic Co-Operation and Development ("OECD") Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Areas, Third Edition, and the related Supplements on Tin, Tantalum and Tungsten and on Gold (the "OECD Framework"), specifically as it relates to our position as a "downstream" purchaser. The five steps of this framework include: (1) establishing strong company management systems, (2) identifying and assessing risk in the supply chain, (3) designing and implementing a strategy to respond to identified risks, (4) carrying out independent third-party audits of smelter/refiner's due diligence practices, and (5) reporting annually on supply chain due diligence.

Description of RCOI

Autoliv conducted internal risk analysis to identify products for which Covered Minerals are necessary to the functionality or production of such product and mapped them to their respective vendors. The 2024 inquiry began with identifying the in-scope suppliers from our previous year's inquiry that had not been phased out as an active supplier. In addition to this population, as a base for the identification process, we used the International Material Data System (the "IMDS Database") as well as Autoliv's internal purchasing department database. This process allowed Autoliv to identify in-scope products and the corresponding suppliers, and to supplement any deficiencies in the IMDS Database with the additional information found in the internal database. Through this process, Autoliv identified in total 242 active suppliers which are using, or likely to use, Covered Minerals in the products they supply to us.

The Company then surveyed the identified suppliers using the Automotive Industry Action Group's "<u>iPoint</u>" platform, which is based on the Conflict Minerals Reporting Template (commonly known as the "<u>CMRT</u>") published by the Responsible Minerals Initiative as part of its Responsible Minerals Assurance Process ("<u>RMAP</u>"). For those suppliers not able to use the iPoint platform the Company contacted them directly with the CMRT request. Based on this RCOI and the report of its third-party audit support, the Company had reason to believe that the necessary Covered Minerals may have originated in the covered countries and may not have come from recycled or scrap sources. Accordingly, the Company performed due diligence on its supply chain for calendar year 2024, as described in further detail below.

Due Diligence Measures

Establish Strong Company Management Systems (OECD Step 1)

- Assembled a team of individuals from various relevant functions within the organization (including purchasing, engineering, finance and legal) to develop and support the process of supply chain due diligence, and these individuals regularly reported progress of each function to management.
- Implemented certain procedures to collect data on Covered Minerals and to aid in the visibility into the Covered Minerals supply chain.
- Adopted and communicated a company policy on Covered Minerals to employees, suppliers and the public.
- Prepared an informative letter to suppliers describing Autoliv's position and requirements with regard to Covered Minerals.
- Incorporated into the "Autoliv Supplier Manual" a policy that all new suppliers sign an acknowledgement letter confirming that they understand that all the requirements described in the Autoliv Supplier Manual are mandatory in the supplier's business relationship with Autoliv.

In coordination with our RCOI, we conducted due diligence to collect information on our supply chain to identify the source of materials for the calendar year 2024.

(a) Identify and assess risk in the supply chain (OECD Step 2)

- Reviewed responses from suppliers and performed multiple follow-up requests with suppliers who had not
 responded to Autoliv's inquiry by a certain date or who provided incomplete and/or inconsistent and possibly
 incorrect responses.
- Engaged a third-party to support, review and process the Company's supplier response data. The design of this
 third-party's processes was independently audited by an outside party against the requirements of Step 2 of the
 OECD Due Diligence Guidance. The third-party performed due diligence in support of the Company's
 Conflict Minerals process, which included:
 - (i) direct engagement of the smelter/refiner to attempt to obtain information regarding whether or not the smelter/refiner sources from the Covered Countries;
 - (ii) for smelters/refiners that declared directly or through their relevant industry association that they did not source from the Covered Countries, and were not recognized as conflict free by RMAP, the third party reviewed publicly available information to determine if there was any contrary evidence to the smelter's/refiner's declaration (the sources reviewed included: Public internet search (Google) of the facility in combination with each of the covered countries, review of specific NGO publications such as Enough Project, Global Witness, Radio Okapi and the most recent UN Group of Experts report on the DRC); and
 - (iii) for smelters that did not respond to direct engagement, the third-party reviewed publicly available sources to determine if there was 'any reason to believe' that the smelter may have sourced from the Covered Countries during the reporting period.

(b) Design and implementation of a strategy to respond to identified risks (OECD Step 3)

- Analyzed the results of the RCOI and, specifically, the responses that contained information that may lead
 Autoliv to have a reason to believe that Covered Minerals may have come from the Covered Countries and
 were not currently RMAP conformant, and subsequently designed and implemented a strategy to respond to
 such risks.
- Maintained an informative bulletin through the Company intranet website, updated the Company's Supplier Manual to include a Conflict Minerals section, and implemented procedures within the purchasing process to identify non-compliant suppliers and respond to supply chain risks.
- Provided periodic progress reports to management and committees of the Company's Board of Directors regarding the status of supply chain due diligence.

(c) Independent third-party audits of smelter/refiner's due diligence practices (OECD Step 4)

• Since smelter/refinery facilities are the key choke point in the global supply chain for minerals, Autoliv monitors the list of facilities that received a "conflict free" designation from the RMAP or other independent third-party audit programs, which designations provide due diligence information on the Covered Minerals sourced by such facilities. Due to the fact that Autoliv, as a downstream purchaser of products, is several steps removed from the smelters/refiners, it has no direct commercial relationships with smelters/refiners. Therefore, Autoliv determined that auditing smelters/refiners at this time would be inappropriate and impracticable and is instead relying on lists of certified conflict free smelters/refiners published by third-parties that have conducted such audits.

Report annually on supply chain due diligence (OECD Step 5)

Autoliv has compiled its results and filed this report in accordance with Rule 13p-1 through the use of the
Form SD and the attachment of this Report. Autoliv reports annually, and these reports will be available on
Autoliv's corporate website at: https://www.autoliv.com/sustainability/sustainability-reporting/conflict-minerals-reports.

Due Diligence Results for the 2024 Calendar Year

Autoliv's Conflict Minerals process, as described above, allowed Autoliv to identify in-scope products and the corresponding suppliers. Autoliv then conducted a RCOI by surveying the 242 identified suppliers, and Autoliv has received survey responses from 100% of these suppliers that were surveyed. The responses, however, have not all been satisfactory in all material respects due to incomplete or inconsistent data. Based on the information collected in our RCOI and due diligence process (and after correction, review and removal of duplicates or otherwise unverified facilities), we have determined that the necessary Covered Minerals in our products are processed by our suppliers within 340 smelter/refinery facilities which are on the known smelter lists provided by the Responsible Minerals Initiative ("RMI"), as further described below and in Annex I.

We believe forty-nine (49) of these smelters are sourcing, or there is reason to believe they may be sourcing, from the Covered Countries. Thirty-five (35) of these smelters are RMAP compliant. Regarding the remaining fourteen (14) smelters, we have engaged in risk mitigation efforts to (a) verify with internal stakeholders and relevant suppliers whether Conflict Minerals from the specific smelter were actually in the Company's supply chain in the 2024 reporting period and/or (b) evaluate corrective or remediation actions based on a risk assessment. Autoliv's policy, as a downstream purchaser of products, is to work with its suppliers to eliminate from its supply chain the high-risk smelters identified through the due diligence measures discussed above.

We have been unable to determine the origins of some of our Covered Minerals. Because we cannot determine the origins of some of the Covered Minerals, we are not able to state that our products that contain such minerals are "DRC conflict free." Consequently, we have not obtained an independent private sector audit of our due diligence measures.

Limitations and Risks in our Inquiry

The due diligence measures we have undertaken may provide only reasonable, but not certain, assurance regarding the source of the necessary Covered Minerals in our products. These measures are dependent on the data supplied by our direct suppliers and the data that those suppliers gather from within their supply chains to identify the original sources of the necessary Covered Minerals. Our assessment is also dependent on the sufficiency of the efforts undertaken and provided by independent third-party audit and verification programs, which may yield inaccurate or incomplete information. In some cases, our customers require us to use certain suppliers, which may impact our ability to obtain information from them and slow our ability to replace a non-conforming supplier.

The limitations described above may lead to certain risks, including, but not limited to: insufficiencies in product or product content information, insufficiencies in smelter data, omission or misidentification of suppliers in responses, errors or omissions by smelters in providing correct data to suppliers, lack of understanding regarding regulatory requirements for Covered Minerals disclosures to the SEC and insufficiencies in supplier education and knowledge, errors in or insufficiency of public data, lack of timeliness of data, language barriers and translation, oversights or errors in conflict free smelter audits and smuggling of Covered Minerals to countries beyond the Covered Countries.

Future Initiatives

The due diligence process discussed above is an ongoing and evolving process. As Autoliv continues to conduct due diligence on its products, it will continue to refine and improve procedures to meet the goals and adhere to values set forth in Autoliv's Conflict Minerals policy. We currently expect that these improvements will include: (i) further engagement with suppliers to continuously improve the content of survey responses, (ii) further engagement to encourage that smelters sourced from the Covered Countries become conflict-free and certified by the RMAP or other independent third-party audit program, and (iii) continuous engagement with suppliers to encourage compliance with Autoliv's Conflict Minerals policy by replacing high-risk smelters and, as deemed necessary, discontinuing sourcing from suppliers that are in violation of our requirements to ensure that they source from designed RMI active or conformant suppliers.

This Conflict Minerals Report was not subjected to an independent private sector audit as such audit is not required for this reporting period.

Caution Concerning Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements in this Report may be "forward-looking" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Words such as "expect," "intend," "plan," "project," "believe," "consider," "estimate," "target," "anticipate" and similar expressions are generally intended to identify these forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain such language. Examples of forward-looking statements include statements relating to our future plans, and any other statement that does not directly relate to any historical or current fact. Forward-looking statements are based on our current expectations and assumptions, which may not prove to be accurate. These statements are not guarantees and are subject to risks, uncertainties and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict. Actual outcomes and results may differ materially from these forward-looking statements. As a result, these statements speak only as of the date they are made and we undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, except as required by law.

ANNEX 1

Smelters marked with an (*) have been identified through the due diligence measures discussed above as high-risk smelters. Autoliv has not yet confirmed the presence of Covered Minerals from these smelters in its products as the due diligence regarding these smelters is incomplete. Autoliv's policy, as a downstream purchaser of products, is to work with its suppliers to eliminate high-risk smelters from its supply chain.

Gold 8853 S.p.A.

Gold ABC Refinery Pty Ltd.
Gold Abington Reldan Metals, LLC
Gold Advanced Chemical Company
Gold African Gold Refinery(*)

Gold Agosi AG

Gold Aida Chemical Industries Co., Ltd.
Gold Al Etihad Gold Refinery DMCC(*)

Gold Albino Mountinho Lda.

Gold Alexy Metals

Gold Almalyk Mining and Metallurgical Complex (AMMC)
Gold AngloGold Ashanti Córrego do Sítio Mineração

Gold Argor-Heraeus S.A.
Gold Asahi Pretec Corp.

Gold Asahi Refining Canada Ltd.
Gold Asahi Refining USA Inc.
Gold Asaka Riken Co., Ltd.

Gold Atasay Kuyumculuk Sanayi Ve Ticaret A.S.

Gold Attero Recycling Pvt Ltd
Gold AU Traders and Refiners

Gold Augmont Enterprises Private Limited(*)

Gold Aurubis AG
Gold Bangalore Refinery

Gold Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (Central Bank of the Philippines)

Gold Boliden Ronnskar

Gold C. Hafner GmbH + Co. KG

Gold Caridad

Gold CCR Refinery - Glencore Canada Corporation

Gold Cendres + Métaux S.A. Gold CGR Metalloys Pvt Ltd.

Gold Chimet S.p.A.
Gold Chugai Mining

Gold Coimpa Industrial LTDA

Gold Daye Non-Ferrous Metals Mining Ltd.
Gold Degussa Sonne / Mond Goldhandel GmbH

Gold Dijllah Gold Refinery FZC(*)

Gold Dongwu Gold Group

Gold Dowa

Gold DSC (Do Sung Corporation)

Gold Eco-System Recycling Co., Ltd. East Plant
Gold Eco-System Recycling Co., Ltd. North Plant
Gold Eco-System Recycling Co., Ltd. West Plant

Gold Elite Industech Co., Ltd.

Gold Emerald Jewel Industry India Limited (Unit 1)
Gold Emerald Jewel Industry India Limited (Unit 2)
Gold Emerald Jewel Industry India Limited (Unit 3)
Gold Emerald Jewel Industry India Limited (Unit 4)

Gold Emirates Gold DMCC(*)

Gold Fidelity Printers and Refiners Ltd.(*)

Gold Fujairah Gold FZC(*)
Gold GG Refinery Ltd.

Gold GGC Gujrat Gold Centre Pvt. Ltd.

Gold Gold by Gold Colombia Gold Gold Coast Refinery

Gold Gold Refinery of Zijin Mining Group Co., Ltd.
Gold Great Wall Precious Metals Co., Ltd. of CBPM

Gold Guangdong Jinding Gold Limited

Gold Guoda Safina High-Tech Environmental Refinery Co., Ltd.

Gold Hangzhou Fuchunjiang Smelting Co., Ltd.

Gold Heimerle + Meule GmbH

Gold Henan Yuguang Gold & Lead Co., Ltd.
Gold Heraeus Germany GmbH Co. KG
Gold Heraeus Metals Hong Kong Ltd.
Gold Hunan Chenzhou Mining Co., Ltd.

Gold Hunan Guiyang yinxing Nonferrous Smelting Co., Ltd.

Gold HwaSeong CJ Co., Ltd.

Gold Impala Refineries – Platinum Metals Refinery (PMR)

Gold Industrial Refining Company(*)

Gold Inner Mongolia Qiankun Gold and Silver Refinery Share Co., Ltd.

Gold International Precious Metal Refiners(*)
Gold Ishifuku Metal Industry Co., Ltd.

Gold Istanbul Gold Refinery

Gold Italpreziosi

Gold JALAN & Company

Gold Japan Mint

Gold Jiangxi Copper Co., Ltd.

Gold JSC Ekaterinburg Non-Ferrous Metal Processing Plant

Gold JSC Novosibirsk Refinery
Gold JSC Uralelectromed

Gold JX Nippon Mining & Metals Co., Ltd.

Gold K.A. Rasmussen

Gold Kaloti Precious Metals(*)
Gold Kazakhmys Smelting LLC

Gold Kazzine

Gold Kennecott Utah Copper LLC

Gold KGHM Polska Miedź Spółka Akcyjna

Gold Kojima Chemicals Co., Ltd.
Gold Korea Zinc Co., Ltd.
Gold Kundan Care Products Ltd.

Gold Kyrgyzaltyn JSC

Gold Kyshtym Copper-Electrolytic Plant ZAO

Gold L'azurde Company For Jewelry

Gold L'Orfebre S.A.
Gold Lingbao Gold Co., Ltd.

Gold Lingbao Jinyuan Tonghui Refinery Co., Ltd.

Gold LS MnM Inc.
Gold LT Metal Ltd.

Gold Luoyang Zijin Yinhui Gold Refinery Co., Ltd.

Gold Marsam Metals
Gold Materion

Gold Matsuda Sangyo Co., Ltd.

Gold MD Overseas

Gold Metal Concentrators SA (Pty) Ltd.

Gold Metallix Refining Inc.

Metalor Technologies (Hong Kong) Ltd. Gold Gold Metalor Technologies (Singapore) Pte., Ltd.

Gold Metalor Technologies (Suzhou) Ltd.

Metalor Technologies S.A. Gold

Gold Metalor USA Refining Corporation

Gold Metalúrgica Met-Mex Peñoles S.A. De C.V.

Gold Mitsubishi Materials Corporation Gold Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd.

Gold MKS PAMP SA

Gold MMTC-PAMP India Pvt., Ltd.

Gold Modeltech Sdn Bhd Gold Morris and Watson

Moscow Special Alloys Processing Plant Gold Gold Nadir Metal Rafineri San. Ve Tic. A.Ş. Gold Navoi Mining and Metallurgical Combinat

Gold NH Recytech Company Gold Nihon Material Co., Ltd. Gold NOBLE METAL SERVICES

Ögussa Österreichische Gold- und Silber-Scheideanstalt GmbH Gold

Gold Ohura Precious Metal Industry Co., Ltd.

OJSC "The Gulidov Krasnovarsk Non-Ferrous Metals Plant" (OJSC Krastsvetmet) Gold

Gold Pease & Curren

Gold Penglai Penggang Gold Industry Co., Ltd. Gold Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Prioksky Plant of Non-Ferrous Metals Gold Gold PT Aneka Tambang (Persero) Tbk

Gold PX Précinox S.A. Gold QG Refining, LLC Rand Refinery (Pty) Ltd. Gold

Gold Refinery of Seemine Gold Co., Ltd.

Gold REMONDIS PMR B.V. Gold **Royal Canadian Mint**

Gold **SAAMP**

Gold Sabin Metal Corp. Gold Safimet S.p.A Gold SAFINA A.S. Gold Sai Refinery

Gold Sam Precious Metals(*) Gold Samduck Precious Metals Gold SAMWON Metals Corp. Gold SEMPSA Joyería Platería S.A. Gold Shandong Gold Smelting Co., Ltd. Shandong Humon Smelting Co., Ltd. Gold

Shandong Tiancheng Biological Gold Industrial Co., Ltd. Gold Gold Shandong Zhaojin Gold & Silver Refinery Co., Ltd.

Gold Shenzhen CuiLu Gold Co., Ltd.

SHENZHEN JINJUNWEI RESOURCE COMPREHENSIVE DEVELOPMENT CO., Gold

LTD.

Gold Shenzhen Zhonghenglong Real Industry Co., Ltd. Gold Shirpur Gold Refinery Ltd.(*)

Gold Sichuan Tianze Precious Metals Co., Ltd.

Gold Singway Technology Co., Ltd.

Gold SOE Shyolkovsky Factory of Secondary Precious Metals

Gold Solar Applied Materials Technology Corp.

Gold Sovereign Metals

Gold State Research Institute Center for Physical Sciences and Technology

Gold Sudan Gold Refinery(*)

Gold Sumitomo Metal Mining Co., Ltd.
Gold SungEel HiMetal Co., Ltd.

Gold Super Dragon Technology Co., Ltd.

Gold T.C.A S.p.A

Gold Tanaka Kikinzoku Kogyo K.K.
Gold Tokuriki Honten Co., Ltd.

Gold Tongling Nonferrous Metals Group Co., Ltd.

Gold TOO Tau-Ken-Altyn

Gold Torecom

Gold Umicore Precious Metals Thailand

Gold Umicore S.A. Business Unit Precious Metals Refining

Gold United Precious Metal Refining, Inc.

Gold Valcambi S.A.
Gold WEEREFINING

Gold Western Australian Mint (T/a The Perth Mint)

Gold WIELAND Edelmetalle GmbH

Gold Yamakin Co., Ltd.

Gold Yokohama Metal Co., Ltd.
Gold Yunnan Copper Industry Co., Ltd.
Gold Zhongkuang Gold Industry Co., Ltd.

Gold Zhongyuan Gold Smelter of Zhongjin Gold Corporation

Tantalum 5D Production OU
Tantalum AMG Brasil

Tantalum D Block Metals, LLC
Tantalum F&X Electro-Materials Ltd.
Tantalum FIR Metals & Resource Ltd.
Tantalum Global Advanced Metals Aizu
Tantalum Global Advanced Metals Boyertown

Tantalum Guangdong Rising Rare Metals-EO Materials Ltd.
Tantalum Hengyang King Xing Lifeng New Materials Co., Ltd.
Tantalum Jiangxi Dinghai Tantalum & Niobium Co., Ltd.
Tantalum Jiangxi Sanshi Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd
Tantalum Jiangxi Tuohong New Raw Material

Tantalum JiuJiang JinXin Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd.

Tantalum Jiujiang Tanbre Co., Ltd.

Tantalum Jiujiang Zhongao Tantalum & Niobium Co., Ltd.

Tantalum KEMET de Mexico
Tantalum Materion Newton Inc.

Tantalum Metallurgical Products India Pvt., Ltd.

Tantalum Mineração Taboca S.A.

Tantalum Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd.
Tantalum Ningxia Orient Tantalum Industry Co., Ltd.

Tantalum NPM Silmet AS
Tantalum PowerX Ltd.
Tantalum QuantumClean

Tantalum Resind Indústria e Comércio Ltda.

Tantalum RFH Yancheng Jinye New Material Technology Co., Ltd.

Tantalum Solikamsk Magnesium Works OAO

Tantalum Taki Chemical Co., Ltd.
Tantalum TANIOBIS Co., Ltd.
Tantalum TANIOBIS GmbH
Tantalum TANIOBIS Japan Co., Ltd.

Tantalum TANIOBIS Smelting GmbH & Co. KG

Tantalum Telex Metals

Tantalum Ulba Metallurgical Plant JSC

Tantalum XIMEI RESOURCES (GUANGDONG) LIMITED
Tantalum XinXing HaoRong Electronic Material Co., Ltd.
Tantalum Yanling Jincheng Tantalum & Niobium Co., Ltd.

Tin Alpha Assembly Solutions Inc

Tin An Vinh Joint Stock Mineral Processing Company

Tin Aurubis Beerse
Tin Aurubis Berango

Tin Chenzhou Yunxiang Mining and Metallurgy Co., Ltd.

Tin Chifeng Dajingzi Tin Industry Co., Ltd.

Tin China Tin Group Co., Ltd.

Tin CRM Fundicao De Metais E Comercio De Equipamentos Eletronicos Do Brasil Ltda

Tin CRM Synergies

Tin Dongguan CiEXPO Environmental Engineering Co., Ltd.

Tin Dowa

Tin Electro-Mechanical Facility of the Cao Bang Minerals & Metallurgy Joint Stock

Tin Company
EM Vinto

Tin Estanho de Rondônia S.A.

Tin Fabrica Auricchio Industria e Comercio Ltda.

Tin Fenix Metals

Tin Gejiu City Fuxiang Industry and Trade Co., Ltd.
Tin Gejiu Kai Meng Industry and Trade LLC
Tin Gejiu Non-Ferrous Metal Processing Co., Ltd.
Tin Gejiu Yunxin Nonferrous Electrolysis Co., Ltd.
Tin Gejiu Zili Mining And Metallurgy Co., Ltd.
Tin Global Advanced Metals Greenbushes Pty Ltd.
Tin Guangdong Hanhe Non-Ferrous Metal Co., Ltd.

Tin HuiChang Hill Tin Industry Co., Ltd.
Tin Jiangxi New Nanshan Technology Ltd.

Tin Longnan Chuangyue Environmental Protection Technology Development Co., Ltd

Tin Luna Smelter, Ltd.

Tin Ma'anshan Weitai Tin Co., Ltd.
Tin Magnu's Minerais Metais e Ligas Ltda.
Tin Malaysia Smelting Corporation (MSC)

Tin Malaysia Smelting Corporation Berhad (Port Klang)

Tin Melt Metais e Ligas S.A.
Tin Metallic Resources, Inc.
Tin Mineração Taboca S.A.

Tin Mining Minerals Resources SARL

Tin Minsur

Tin Mitsubishi Materials Corporation

Tin Modeltech Sdn Bhd

Tin Nghe Tinh Non-Ferrous Metals Joint Stock Company

Tin Novosibirsk Tin Combine

Tin O.M. Manufacturing (Thailand) Co., Ltd.
Tin O.M. Manufacturing Philippines, Inc.
Tin Operaciones Metalúrgicas S.A.
Tin Pongpipat Company Limited

Tin Precious Minerals and Smelting Limited

Tin PT ATD Makmur Mandiri Jaya

Tin PT Bangka Prima Tin
Tin PT Cipta Persada Mulia
Tin PT Mitra Stania Prima
Tin PT Mitra Sukses Globalindo
Tin PT Premium Tin Indonesia
Tin PT Putera Sarana Shakti (PT PSS)

Tin PT Rajehan Ariq
Tin PT Timah Tbk Kundur
Tin PT Timah Tbk Mentok

Tin Resind Indústria e Comércio Ltda.

Tin RIKAYAA GREENTECH PRIVATE LIMITED

Tin Rui Da Hung Tin Super Ligas

Tin Takehara PVD Materials Plant / PVD Materials Division of MITSUI MINING &

SMELTING CO., LTD.

Tin Thaisarco

Tin Tin Smelting Branch of Yunnan Tin Co., Ltd.

Tin Technology & Refining

Tin Tuyen Quang Non-Ferrous Metals Joint Stock Company

Tin VQB Mineral and Trading Group JSC
Tin White Solder Metalurgia e Mineração Ltda.
Tin Woodcross Smelting Company Limited

Tin Yunnan Chengfeng Non-ferrous Metals Co., Ltd.
Tin Yunnan Yunfan Non-ferrous Metals Co., Ltd.

Tungsten A.L.M.T. Corp.
Tungsten ACL Metais Eireli

Tungsten Albasteel Industria e Comercio de Ligas Para Fundicao Ltd.

Tungsten Artek LLC

Tungsten Asia Tungsten Products Vietnam Ltd.
Tungsten China Molybdenum Tungsten Co., Ltd.
Tungsten Chongyi Zhangyuan Tungsten Co., Ltd.
Tungsten CNMC (Guangxi) PGMA Co., Ltd.

Tungsten Cronimet Brasil Ltda

Tungsten DONGKUK INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.
Tungsten Fujian Xinlu Tungsten Co., Ltd.

Tungsten Ganzhou Jiangwu Ferrotungsten Co., Ltd.
Tungsten Ganzhou Seadragon W & Mo Co., Ltd.
Tungsten Global Tungsten & Powders LLC.
Tungsten Guangdong Xianglu Tungsten Co., Ltd.

Tungsten H.C. Starck Tungsten GmbH
Tungsten HANNAE FOR T Co., Ltd.
Tungsten Hubei Green Tungsten Co., Ltd.
Tungsten Hunan Jintai New Material Co., Ltd.

Tungsten Hunan Shizhuyuan Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd. Chenzhou Tungsten Products Branch

Tungsten Hydrometallurg, JSC
Tungsten Japan New Metals Co., Ltd.

Tungsten Jiangwu H.C. Starck Tungsten Products Co., Ltd.

Tungsten Jiangxi Gan Bei Tungsten Co., Ltd.

Tungsten Jiangxi Minmetals Gao'an Non-ferrous Metals Co., Ltd.

Tungsten Jiangxi Tonggu Non-ferrous Metallurgical & Chemical Co., Ltd.

Tungsten Jiangxi Xinsheng Tungsten Industry Co., Ltd.

Tungsten Jiangxi Yaosheng Tungsten Co., Ltd.
Tungsten JSC "Kirovgrad Hard Alloys Plant"
Tungsten Kenee Mining Corporation Vietnam

Tungsten Kennametal Fallon
Tungsten Kennametal Huntsville
Tungsten Lianyou Metals Co., Ltd.
Tungsten Lianyou Resources Co., Ltd.

Tungsten LLC Vostok

Tungsten MALAMET SMELTING SDN. BHD.(*)
Tungsten Malipo Haiyu Tungsten Co., Ltd.
Tungsten Masan High-Tech Materials

Tungsten Moliren Ltd.

Tungsten Nam Viet Cromit Joint Stock Company

Tungsten Niagara Refining LLC
Tungsten NPP Tyazhmetprom LLC
Tungsten OOO "Technolom" 1
Tungsten OOO "Technolom" 2

Tungsten Philippine Chuangxin Industrial Co., Inc.

Tungsten Shinwon Tungsten (Fujian Shanghang) Co., Ltd.

Tungsten TANIOBIS Smelting GmbH & Co. KG
Tungsten Tungsten Vietnam Joint Stock Company

TungstenUnecha Refractory Metals PlantTungstenWolfram Bergbau and Hütten AGTungstenXiamen Tungsten (H.C.) Co., Ltd.

Tungsten Xiamen Tungsten Co., Ltd.

Tungsten YUDU ANSHENG TUNGSTEN CO., LTD.